

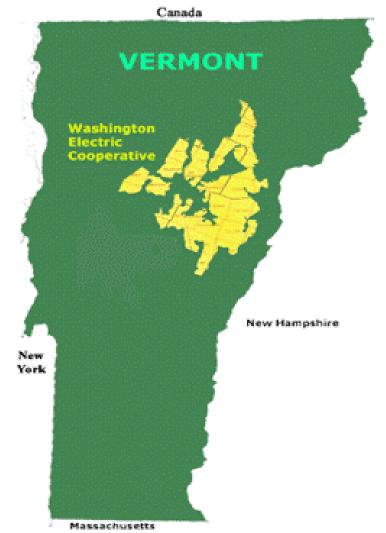
Senate Natural Resources & Energy Committee

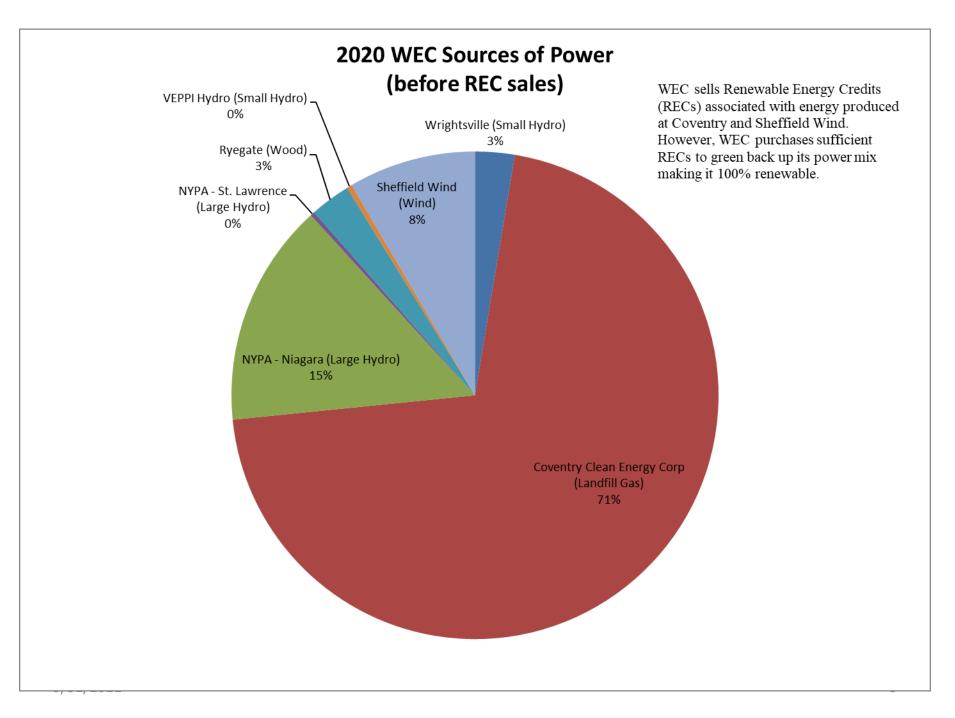
Washington Electric Cooperative

March 31, 2021 Patty Richards

About WEC

- Electric Cooperative Not for Profit
 - Established in 1939
 - Member owned
 - Created by and for those without power
 - investor owned utility would not extend lines to rural landscape
 - 100% renewable
 - 85% of WEC's power sources located in Vermont
- Size
 - Peak 16 MW (Winter)
 - State of VT ~ 1,000 MW Peak (Summer)
 - 68,000 MWH Retail Sales Annually
 - 1.3% of State Load
 - 10,800 meters/members
 - 41 towns 4 counties Central Vermont (Washington, Orange, Orleans, Caledonia)
 - 17% of Vermont Towns
 - 96% of our members residential
- Board of Directors
 - Nine Directors
 - Set Policy
 - All Members
 - Annual Meetings





How would your organization define Vermont's renewable energy generation challenge(s)?

- WEC already 100% renewable
 - We get it!
- Climate Change
 - Real
 - Already paying
 - Cost of mega storms
 - Requires Brave and Bold Actions
- Renewable Generation Balanced with Affordability
 - How much can we pay for above market power and remain competitive/relevant
 - Those least able to pay, impacted the most through higher rates of some programs

How would your organization define Vermont's renewable energy generation challenge(s)?

- Location Matters (SHEI)
 - WEC has lost \$500K already
 - Sheffield Wind 40 MW Facility
 - Coventry Landfill Generator
 - Pits Renewables against Renewables
 - Reduce output or value of existing renewables
 - This is bad for VT

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Is it to address how Vermont can make more progress on fulfilling its Tier 2 obligations in the most cost-effective manner?

- Tier 2: Small Net Metering (< 500kW)
- Not a least cost solution
- Paying more than alternatives
- WEC has already lost \$736K from Net Metered Program
 - 16 MW peak load utility
 - 5 MW net metered solar installed or 5.6% of power mix on energy basis

Other ways to accomplish renewable goals

- Build Bigger Systems for less money
 - Economies of Scale
 - 10 to 12 cents vs 18 cents
- Current NM program is wealth shift to those than afford to build solar
 - Reverse Robin Hood
- Utilities can build cheaper and spread it out to all members
 - Equity
 - More Cost Effective

Is it to address energy burden and social inequity by developing RE for low-income Vermonters?

- Cost matters
- Low Income are impacted the most and least voice
- Seek to accomplish state goals with less negative impacts

Is it to sustain the state's workers in our clean energy economy?

- Jobs important
- Electric Rates Important too

And who should own these new assets? Finance them?

- Ownership/Finance structures should remain flexible (not prescriptive)
- Should pursue best path/options to build for the least cost
- Ownership/Finance should be allowed by all parties
 - Various tools by various players
 - WEC RUS Low Interest Loans.

Will DUs put out RFPs to own their own generation? Or, will DUs put out RFPs for PPAs and only be the off-taker?

- Yes both
- DUs already do this
- Skilled at building AND/OR entering contracts

Outside of net metering, what opportunities are there for developers to lead on RE generation? And at what scale do we want to build such facilities?

- Skies the limit
- Only limitation is our imagination
- Policy and Social Programs should allow room for creativity

Questions & Thank You

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